

# Kaintuck

He Saw New York and  
Went Through the  
Tunnel

By THOMAS R. DEAN

In New York city there is a spacious excavation at the crossing of Broadway and Thirty-third street which is the entrance room of the Hudson tunnel. There are newspaper and candy stands, ticket offices and benches. One afternoon a tall, bony man descended the steps leading to this subterranean station and looked about him wonderingly.

He was Martin Granger, a Kentuckian, who had come from his native state to see New York. He had taken a tour in one of the big autocars in which strangers are shown the metropolis while a conductor points out the principal items of curiosity and comments on them through a megaphone. And now he had determined to go through the tunnel under the Hudson river that he might go back to Henderson county, Ky., and tell his children how the great ships, some of them 800 or 900 feet long, had sailed right over his head, while smaller boats without number had steamed back and forth in the same relative position.

Not knowing exactly how to get to the cars which were to take him on this (to him) perilous journey or perhaps wishing for time to screw up his courage to plunge under the great river, he sat down on one of the benches, presenting a perfect picture of a southern countryman wonder struck with that congregation of people which within a radius of twenty-five miles forms the largest in the world.

He had not been there long before a man came and sat down beside him. But Martin Granger was not interested in a single man, but the throngs passing through this station, wherein everything was as much alive underground as on the surface and were just as much alive above the surface as on it. The man beside him sat there but a few minutes, then got up and went away.

Presently Granger noticed persons buying tickets at a booth and put his hand into his pocket for money. Intending to do the same thing, casting his eyes down beside him, he saw a small package on the bench. He took it up, looked at it, then cast a glance about him for the owner, thinking that it had been left through carelessness. A number of persons were near, but there was no evidence that any one of them was the owner of the package. He weighed it and found it light—no heavier than paper. He pondered awhile as to what to do with it, then untied a string and partly unwrapped the covering.

Any look of surprise that had come over Martin Granger's face while in New York was surpassed by the one that came upon it now. He looked upon the corner of a bank bill and especially on the figures \$100. As soon as he regained something of his equanimity he lifted the corner of the bill, and underneath it was another of the same denomination. The next below this was marked \$50, the next \$20, the next \$100, and so on of different denominations. The package was about two inches thick.

"What you got there?" Granger, looking up, saw a man standing over him regarding him with a severe expression.

"Somebody has been powerful careless and left a whole stack o' bank bills on this yere seat."

"I'm in luck," said the other. "You've found the bills taken from the vaults of the Trust company."

"How do you know that?" asked Granger.

"I know it because I am a detective and have been shadowing the man who stole the bills. I followed him down here, and realizing that I had him trapped, rather than be caught with the plunder on him he sat down here beside you and when he went away left it. His intention is doubtless to follow you, and when you get far enough from the station and he thinks himself unobserved he will claim the property."

be on the train. When he joins you and asks you for his parcel I'll nab him."

"Waal, now, ain't that fine! I thort that when I come to New York I'd see some remarkable sights, but I didn't think I'd git inter one o' them detective stories."

The man gave him a knowing look, and Granger bought his tickets and, descending a flight of steps leading farther down toward the center of the earth, found a train, which he boarded, and was soon carried down under the mighty waters. He seemed overpowered and did not draw a regular breath till a guard called "All out!" and, seeing the other passengers leave the train, the visitor to New York also left.

He had no sooner stepped on the platform before he saw the detective looking at him, and Granger followed him up a flight of stairs, through a railway station and on to a ferryboat. As soon as the boat left the dock the detective joined the Kentuckian.

"I thort you was goin' to nab the thief," said the latter.

"He has eluded me. We'll return to New York. You may as well turn over the goods to me. I shall not be able to take the thief."

Now, Granger was a countryman, but there are few persons in the world who have not learned the principle that "possession is nine points of the law."

"What am I goin' to git out o' the find?" he asked.

"Oh, you'll get the reward. There's \$10,000 offered for the return of the stolen goods."

"Reckon that's all right. But if you do the returnin' how am I to git the reward?"

"I'll report you as the finder of the property."

"You jist tell me whar to turn it in, and I'll go thar with it."

There was a good deal of sparring on the part of the detective to get possession of the property, which failed. Before the boat landed he explained to the Kentuckian that the latter was in a very dangerous position. If the detective should arrest him as the thief it would go hard with him. But the bluff was not effective. The Kentuckian said that he thought he could prove an alibi since he had reached New York only that morning and Cy Butler could swear to the fact since he had come all the way from Henderson county with him.

"Well," said the detective, "I suppose I'll have to go with you to the bank that lost the money, but it's too late to go today. The banks don't keep open after 3 o'clock. You can stay with me overnight, and we'll turn the money over tomorrow morning."

The Kentuckian said he had promised to stay with Cy Butler at a hotel on the east side, but the detective explained that it would not do for him to let him go away with the money, so Granger finally consented to spend the night with him in his room.

The apartment was in a cheap flat-house. The detective, as soon as they had entered it, locked the door and said to Mr. Granger:

"See here, pard, there's plenty for both of us in this deal. I'm the man that took that money from the bank. There's \$80,000 of it. I'll give you \$20,000. What do you say?"

"What do I say? Why, I say I'm farrin' New York powerful fast. I thort you was a detective."

"You're a pretty good sort of chap," replied the other. "And I don't mind taking you into my confidence. I was the man who sat down by you in the Hudson tunnel station. I was trying to get away from a shadower. I concluded to load the goods on you till I could get away from him and divide with you. All you've got to do to be rich is to turn the goods back to me and deduct your share."

Granger looked at him with righteous indignation and said:

"Stranger, I've lived in Henderson county, Kentucky, for forty years. Anybody that'll tell you I ain't got a dishonest ha'r in my head, I'm goin' to turn this money back to the bank that lost it, and don't you forget it."

The man put out his hand and grasped Granger's, saying, "Anybody I know to look at you that you were an honest man."

Holding Granger's right hand, the rascal put his own left hand to his hip and drew a revolver. He had cocked and raised it only a part of the way to cover his man when Granger, quick as a flash, put his hand to the back of his neck and drew forth a knife about ten inches long and held it point downward over the so-called detective.

"I see that hand," he said quietly, "and go you one better. Drop yer weapon!"

The man needed to raise his pistol but a short distance to make it effective, yet the distance was sufficient to give the Kentuckian time to draw his bowie knife—a weapon of the olden time—and hold it point downward over him. The villain quailed and dropped his pistol.

How the Kentuckian drove his enemy down and out into the street, met a policeman and the three proceeded to a station; how the next morning the money was turned over by its finder to the bank, is merely a succession of ordinary details. When the president handed Granger a check for \$10,000 the subject grows again interesting. The Kentuckian handed it back, saying:

"Do you reckon that if one o' my Kaintuck neighbors' mares war to stray away and sit on my premises and I sent her back by a nigger I'd take money for doin' it? No, sir. You may do things that a-way in New York, but we don't do 'em so in Kaintuck."

And, turning on his heel, he left the bank.

## SCIENCE OWES THEM MUCH

Remarkable Discoveries Made by Expeditions Sent Out by Smithsonian Institution.

During the past two years the knowledge of the world has been enriched through discoveries made by about twenty scientific expeditions conducted under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution in many parts of the world. An expedition to the Altai mountains of Siberia resulted in the collection of more than six hundred mammals, of which eleven forms are new to science. Of unusual interest was the search for data in Siberia concerning the race supposed to have peopled America. Here Dr. Ales Hrdlicka, though able to make only a rapid survey of the several localities where the remains of this race dwell, gathered extensive information and collections, from which he draws the conclusion that there exist in several places in Siberia, Mongolia, and Tibet numerous remains of an ancient population which was physically identical with and in all probability gave rise to the American Indian. The hunting trip to East Africa yielded thousands of specimens, and out of the collection came forty new species, and twelve new genera were described. Observations during the past year proved conclusively the supposed variability of the solar rays.

## MILLSTONE AROUND A TREE

Seed Sown in the Center in Course of Time Lifted Up a Comfortable Seat.

"Sometimes nature turns to an unexpected use the handiwork of man," says Dr. Charles G. Percival in his new book, "The Trail of the Bulldog." At Sheldon's Mill, near South Devono, N. Y., there is a very comfortable seat of stone around a huge tree which puzzles visitors, as the stone is natural without a single break to show how it got around the tree trunk. The story is that a discarded millstone lay on the ground for many years, and a seed blown by the wind dropped into the core of the stone and grew there, finally growing into a tree, filling the hole in the center of the stone, and as the tree grew in size the stone was gradually lifted from the earth, making the unique seat—Rural Farmer.

## Northern Lights Make Noise.

German scientists are greatly interested in a discussion regarding new phenomena revealed by the aurora borealis, according to recent Norwegian and German observers. People living in the northern part of Norway maintained that they often hear sounds accompanying the northern lights. These sounds are described by some as similar to the crackling of flames. Accordingly German and Norwegian scientists started out to investigate the phenomena, and one of them Olav Aabakken, has spent a long time at the Halde observatory in Finnmarken. Aabakken thinks that it is very unlikely that any sound is to be heard from the northern lights. He maintains that the human senses are not to be relied on, especially regarding the phenomena of sight. He says that the idea of sound connected with the northern lights may result from the fact that these lights look like flames, and as people are accustomed to associate the crackling sound with flames the rather uncritical observer of the blazing movements of the aurora borealis is apt to think that he really hears the sound of those flames.

## World's Emery Supply Cornered.

Emery is a common substance utilized in thousands of different ways, but there are few people who know that virtually the world's supply of emery comes from two points in the eastern hemisphere. The Greek islands and Asia Minor, near Smyrna, are the chief producers of emery, says the Engineering and Mining Journal.

The recent conflict in the Balkans has seriously interfered with the production of this agency for soft polishing. In fact, it has shut off the supply from the United States, which heretofore has imported about \$250,000 worth of emery each year.

In addition there has been a strike of emery workers on Naxos, one of the islands of Greek possession, and the Greek chamber passed a bill regulating the trade in the commodity. A speedy settlement of the labor difficulty followed, and it is expected the market will return to normal in the near future.

## Worthy Precedent.

Dr. Henry Van Dyke, some years ago, appeared before one of the copyright hearings being conducted by the congressional committee on patents in Washington. The list of speakers was a long one, and in an effort to conclude the session at a reasonably early hour the chairman was allotting time sparingly. Thomas Nelson Page, who had been granted ten minutes, talked so entertainingly that half an hour elapsed before his hearers took note of the flight of time. It was then Doctor Van Dyke's turn.

"How much time do you need, doctor?" inquired the chairman, consulting his timepiece a trifle anxiously.

"Ten minutes—by Mr. Page's watch," replied Doctor Van Dyke, and amid the merriment which followed he was invited to talk at as great a length as he desired.—Lippincott's Magazine.

## Placating the Gods.

Chinese boatmen at Macao have been letting off bombs and crackers to induce the gods not to injure them with a whirlwind.

## HUMPHREYS'

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5	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	25
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9	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis.	25
10	Salt Rheum, Eruptions.	25
11	Rheumatism, Lumbago.	25
12	Fever and Ague, Malaria.	25
13	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal.	25
14	Cataract, Influenza, Cold in Head.	25
15	Whooping Cough.	25
16	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing.	25
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22	La Grippe—Grip.	25

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## Notice of Special Election.

To the Electors of the City of Owosso, Michigan.  
Take Notice, that a special election will be held in the City of Owosso, Michigan, on Wednesday, the 28th day of September, A. D. 1913, for the purpose of voting on the question of the adoption of the revised charter of the City of Owosso.

This election is authorized and called by a resolution of the Council of the City of Owosso adopted on September 22d, 1913, of which the following is a true and complete copy:  
Resolution No. 63.

Resolved by the Common Council of the City of Owosso that a special election in and for the City of Owosso, Michigan, on Wednesday, the 28th day of September, A. D. 1913, and the place and places for holding the same are hereby designated as the polling places in the several wards of said city, to-wit:

First Ward—211 North Ball street.  
Second Ward—Owosso Times Office, E. Main street.  
Third Ward—City Hall, E. Main street.  
Fourth Ward—Fourth Ward Voting Booth, S. Water street.  
Fifth Ward—No. 1005 W. Main street.

The purpose and object of said special election is to submit to the qualified electors of the City of Owosso, Michigan, the question of whether the revised charter of the City of Owosso, Michigan, prepared in conformity with the laws of the State of Michigan, by the duly elected and qualified charter commissioners of the City of Owosso, and approved by the Governor of the State of Michigan on the 19th day of July, 1913, shall be adopted and become the legal charter of said city.

Be it further resolved that the question to be submitted at said election reads as follows: For the adoption of the revised charter of the City of Owosso, Michigan.

For the adoption of the revised charter of the City of Owosso (No.).

The vote upon the question aforesaid shall be taken at the polls of said election, to-wit: at the polling places in the several wards of said city, on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1913, and shall remain open until five o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

The City Clerk is hereby directed to deliver to the inspectors of election of the several wards of said city, where said special election is to be held, a notice signed by the City Clerk, specifying the questions to be submitted to the vote of the electors and the date and places at which said election is to be held in pursuance of and in conformity with this resolution.

The City Clerk is further directed to give notice, as required by law, of the time and place of holding said election, the purpose of the same and the question to be voted upon, by posting said notice in the several wards of said city, and to the polls of said election, as fully as the same are set forth in this resolution.

Be it further resolved that the polling places above named in the several wards of this city, for said special election, be and are hereby fixed by this council as the places where the Board of Registration of the several wards of said city shall meet for the registration of the qualified voters of said city.

Be it further resolved that the inspectors of election, as required by law, of the time and place of holding said election, the purpose of the same and the question to be voted upon, be and are hereby directed to give notice, as required by law, of the time and place of holding said election, the purpose of the same and the question to be voted upon, by posting said notice in the several wards of said city, and to the polls of said election, as fully as the same are set forth in this resolution.

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## Chapman, McNamara & Matthews

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## Order of Publication.

State of Michigan. The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.  
At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office in the City of Corunna, on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1913.

Present, Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Horace C. Main, deceased.  
On filing the petition of George S. Main praying for the probate of the will of said deceased now filed in this Court.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

## Order For Service by Publication.

State of Michigan. Thirty-fifth Judicial Circuit, in Chancery.  
Suits pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Shiawassee, in Chancery, at the City of Corunna, in the State of Michigan, on the 23rd day of October, A. D. 1913.

Hazel Haney, Complainant, vs. Arthur Haney, Defendant.  
In this cause it appears that the defendant, Arthur Haney, is not a resident of this state, but a member of the United States Navy, last located, according to the information of the complainant, at the City of Norfolk, in the State of Virginia.

Therefore, on motion of Palmer & Pond, Solicitors for Complainant.

It is ordered that the defendant enter his appearance in said cause on or before four months from the date of this order, and that within twenty days the complainant cause this order to be published in the Owosso Times, one of the newspapers of said county, said publication to be continued once in each week for six weeks in succession.

SELDEN S. MINER, Circuit Judge.  
PULVER & POND, Solicitors for Complainant. Business address, Owosso, Michigan.

## Order of Publication.

State of Michigan. The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.  
At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office in the City of Corunna, on the 30th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Present, Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Herman D. Haney, deceased.  
On reading and filing the petition of Edward Pinney as administrator praying for a license to sell real estate.

It is ordered that the 28th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be assigned for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate.  
BY FLORENCE LINDSEY, Probate Register.

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Shiawassee.  
Louise Modeland, plaintiff, vs. Harold O. Corns, defendant.

To Whom it May Concern:  
Take notice that a writ of attachment was issued by said Court on said 28th day of September, A. D. 1913 at the suit of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of one thousand dollars and that said writ was made returnable September 15th, 1913. Dated September 17th, 1913.

KILPATRICK & PIERPONT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

## Notice of Registration of Electors.

To the Electors of the City of Owosso, Michigan.  
Take notice, that the several boards of registration for their respective wards in the City of Owosso will meet in the City of Owosso on Saturday, November 1st, 1913, for the purpose of registering the qualified electors of the City of Owosso to vote at the special election to be held upon Wednesday, November 6th, 1913, for the purpose of voting on the question of the adoption of the revised charter of the City of Owosso.

The Board of Registration will meet at the following places:  
First ward—211 N. Ball street.  
Second ward—Owosso Times Office, E. Main street.  
Third ward—City Hall, E. Main street.  
Fourth ward—Fourth Ward Voting Booth, S. Water street.  
Fifth ward—No. 1005 W. Main street.

The said boards of registration will remain in session from eight o'clock in the forenoon until eight o'clock in the afternoon of said day.  
Dated October 15th, 1913.

ARTHUR H. DUMOND, City Clerk.

## Order for Appearance.

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Shiawassee, in Chancery.  
Morris Osburn, Mary G. Osburn and Frederick H. Gould, Complainants, vs. George E. Peck, George L. Loomis, Asahel H. Beach, Euphemia Mackie, Robert Mackie and James Holmes, Defendants.

In this cause appearing to the satisfaction of said Court from the bill of complaint filed in said cause and the certificate of the register of deeds for said county that the known and unknown grantees of the lands and premises described in said bill of complaint, their heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, are properly made parties to said suit, brought pursuant to Act 125 of Session Laws of the State of Michigan for the year 1900 to quiet the title to the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eight in town seven north range three east, Shiawassee County, Michigan.

It is therefore ordered, that said George E. Peck, George L. Loomis, Asahel H. Beach, Euphemia Mackie, Robert Mackie and James Holmes and their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, parties defendant, cause their appearance in this cause to be entered within four months from the date of this order, and in case of the appearance of the said known or unknown defendants or any of them, they cause her, his or their answer to be filed in said cause, and a copy thereof to be served upon complainants' solicitors.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for three weeks in succession.

Dated this 23rd day of September, A. D. 1913.  
SELDEN S. MINER, Circuit Judge.  
KILPATRICK & PIERPONT, Solicitors for Complainants.

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## Michigan United Traction Co.

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SOUTH BOUND. Leave Owosso—  
a. m. 6:00 8:00 10:00 12:00  
p. m. 2:00 4:00 6:00 8:00 9:15  
Cars leave West Town